

2.—Per Capita Supplies of Food Moving into Civilian Consumption, Crop Years Ended June 30, 1946 and 1947, with Averages, 1935-39—concluded

Item	Specification	Pounds per Capita per Annum			Percentages of 1935-39 Average	
		1935-39	1946	1947 ¹	1946	1947 ¹
Beverages—						
Coffee.....	Green beans	3.7	5.8	6.7	156.8	181.1
Tea.....	Primary distribution wt.	3.5	3.8	3.8	108.6	108.6
Cocoa.....	Whole beans	3.7	4.2	3.5	113.5	94.6
Totals, Beverages.....	Primary Distribution wt.	10.9	13.8	14.0	126.6	128.4

¹ Subject to revision. ² Included with fluid whole milk. ³ Not available. ⁴ Includes evaporated skim milk. ⁵ Includes whole milk equivalent of cream used in ice cream. ⁶ Estimated by Department of Mines and Resources. ⁷ Includes sugar used in manufactured products reported elsewhere in table, but excludes sugar used for industrial non-food purposes. ⁸ Excludes syrups and glucose used for industrial purposes. ⁹ Revised since the publication of the 1946 Year Book. ¹⁰ Less than 0.05 lb. ¹¹ Less than one-tenth of one per cent.

Section 3.—The Grain Trade

Subsection 1.—Governmental Agencies Regulating or Co-operating with the Grain Trade

The agencies exercising control of the grain trade in Canada are: the Board of Grain Commissioners, which administers the provisions of the Canada Grain Act, 1930; and the Canadian Wheat Board, which operates under the Canadian Wheat Board Act, 1935. An account of the organization and functions of the Board of Grain Commissioners, prepared by J. Rayner, Secretary of the Board, appears at pp. 481-482 of the 1941 Year Book.

THE CANADIAN WHEAT BOARD, 1939-46*

The Canadian Wheat Board operates under the Canadian Wheat Board Act which was passed on July 5, 1935. The Wheat Board first began to function in the autumn of that year. It could hardly be termed a sudden departure from previous methods of grain marketing. There had been Government boards in operation during the First World War and immediately thereafter, and, even more recently, the Federal Government had been active in the wheat market through the so-called stabilization measures of the period 1931-35.

The origin and operations of the Board are traced down to February, 1939, in an article which appears in the 1939 Year Book at pp. 569-580. The present article carries the record forward to December, 1946, and covers the critical years of the Second World War. During recent years the activities of the Canadian Wheat Board have been considerably widened becoming of great significance in the Canadian economy as well as in the international sphere.

The personnel of the Board as constituted at the time when the former article was written was as follows: Chief Commissioner, George H. McIvor; Assistant Chief Commissioner, R. C. Findlay; Commissioner, W. Charles Folliott. In those

* Prepared by C. B. Davidson, T. W. Grindley, W. G. Malaher and C. V. Parker of the staff of the Canadian Wheat Board, Winnipeg.